Welcome to Economics 101A! This course is meant to introduce you to the world of formal economic modeling. Economic models are typically made of three components:

- Consumers;
- Firms;
- A market in which consumers and firms interact.

We deal with these three components sequentially. The course starts by introducing consumer preferences and utility function. We then move on to consider firms and production functions, and finally we study the market-clearing conditions.

The organizational details:

**Course Time:** Tuesdays and Thursdays, 9.30-11.00 in Evans 60

**Teacher:** Stefano DellaVigna, 515 Evans, sdellavi@econ.berkeley.edu

**OH:** Thursday 12-2

**GSI:** Jonas Tungodden, OH TBA
      Katalin Springel, OH TBA

**Webpage:**
The link to the website will be from my webpage at http://www.econ.berkeley.edu/~sdellavi/.
You may also want to check out the 101A webpage from the Spring ’14, it will give you an idea of how the class will develop:
https://www.econ.berkeley.edu/course/2014/spring/econ-101a
A link to the latter webpage is on my webpage, and a link to the former will soon to added.

**Textbook:**
Recommended, not required: Walter Nicholson and Christopher Snyder, *Microeconomic Theory – 11th Edition*, Southwestern Editors. You are welcome to buy the 11th edition, but the 10th will do just fine and will be cheaper.
(If you are using the 9th or 8th Edition you’ll be fine, except for the last third of the class where you will need to make some photocopies)

**Course grading:**
30% 6 Problem Sets
20% Midterm 1
20% Midterm 2
40% Final Exam (Wednesday 5/13/15, 11.30-2.30pm)
The percentages above sum to 110%. The worst 10% of the score will not count toward your grades. For example, if the worst score is on the problem sets, the problem sets will only have 20% of weight. There is a second bonus. High-quality class participation can increase the score by at most one grade; for example, from B to B+.

**Miscellaneous questions:**
1. Are problem sets required?
   Yes, problem sets are an integral part of the course and an important part of the grade. There will be a problem set handed out about every other week.

2. How important is attending class and reading the book?
   You will really need to do attend class and follow the lecture notes. The book is a very useful complement. If you follow the class, read carefully the hand-outs, and attend section, you should be able to learn the material with the occasional reference to the textbook. For many people the textbook will still be a very useful complement, but given its cost I am making it a recommended, rather than required, reading. Let me emphasize again: Coming to the lectures is very important. I will distribute handouts of my slides during class to help you take better notes and will post them afterwards on the web with corrections in case there were some mistakes. However, the handouts are not comprehensive: they do not include graphs and go quickly over certain topics that the book covers in more detail. So, again, coming to lecture is key for this class. The book is a useful complement.

3. Is it ok if I hand in the problems sets late?
   Unfortunately, it is not ok. The GSIs will not be able to accept problem sets turned in late. With a class this size we cannot do exceptions. Sorry.

4. Can I work on the problem sets with other people?
   Yes, you can and should. I strongly recommend that you form study groups with other people. In fact, one of the strongest reasons why we require problem sets is precisely the fact that you get to work on economics problems with other people, you discuss with them, and learn from the intuition of others. Nevertheless, we expect that you will write and turn in your own solution to the problem set. After you discuss with other people, you should make sure that you can write your own solution.

5. How do I know which questions are hard in the problem set?
   We try to give you an idea of that by the points assigned to the different exercises. More means harder. In any case, expect to work hard in order to be able to solve the exercises. But do not get frustrated. It is normal if you find the exercises hard! If you can only get half of an exercise done, just write that part done. This way you can get partial credit. Afterwards, by reading the solution to the problem set, you will pick up the rest.

6. How do I choose between this class and 100A?
   The answer depends on two things: your mathematical background and your interest in economics. As for the first, this course requires a more thorough knowledge of mathematical tools than 100A does. You are supposed to be very comfortable with multivariate calculus, since we are using it throughout the course. 100A, instead, uses calculus sparingly, and is therefore more appropriate for students that are less comfortable with mathematics. In the first class, I give some examples of the level of math you will need for 101A.
   A second difference is your interest in the material. While you should expect to work hard in any class, including 100A, the workload for 101A is going to be heavier than in 100A, and is therefore justified for students that are particularly interested in economics. In addition to the basic topics (consumer and production theory), we also cover modern material, such as game theory. We are going to devote 2-3 classes to state-of-the-art findings in economics, such as the economics of self-control problems, which normally do not make it into the basic classes. The problem sets test the knowledge of these topics,
and are demanding. I expect anyone who takes the class to be seriously interested in microeconomics, in writing simple models to understand economic behavior. For the reasons above, 101A is a better class for students considering graduate school in economics.

This being said, I should add that it is not my intention to make this course artificially hard, or require more math than is needed. This is going to be a course in economics that relies on math, not a course in math disguised as economics. Quite simply, since good economics requires some math, we are going to use math when necessary. To keep the focus on the economic content, throughout the course I will try to give intuition and to stress the economic significance to the results we cover.

7. Is it ok to use an older Edition of the Nicholson book?
   Using the older (10th or 9th or 8th) edition of the book is fine by me. The editors of books put out new editions more frequently than needed in order to penalize the used book market and sell more copies of the new book. (For a dissenting opinion: Chevalier and Goolsbee, 2007 argue that this is not the case). I am all for saving on the exorbitant cost of the book. The one thing you will have to be careful about is page numbers. I will try to give page numbers for both new and old edition whenever possible. The 11th and 10th editions of Nicholson are significantly better than the older editions for the third part of the class, so keep that in mind.

8. What if I disagree with the grading of an exam?
   If we have miscounted points on the midterms or final, tell us immediately and we will correct. If you think that we have inappropriately scored an answer, submit a complaint in writing to me. I will then re-grade your test from beginning to end. You should keep in mind that this may decrease your final grade, but still you should feel free to submit complaints.

9. Who should I talk to if I have a question?
   The GSIs should be your primary contact for questions related to the problem sets or the exams. Katalin and Jonas will hold regular office hours. If you would like to talk to me, I am delighted to meet during my office hours. In particular, I am happy to discuss issues of economic substance, questions inspired by the lectures, and suggestions for your future studies. So, if a class made you wonder why consumers do things that they regret ex post (such as not exercising), or why the price of airline tickets varies so widely, I am more than happy to discuss issues like these with you. In general, feel free to come see me during office hours.

10. I would like to talk to Stefano in a more informal setting. Is it possible?
    Yes, it is. About once a week, I will be heading out to get an early lunch, a sandwich. I encourage groups of 2-4 students to join me to grab a sandwich and chat before I (we) head back to Evans. My treat! This 101A tradition has been a lot of fun for me in that has allowed me to get to know more of you. I encourage you to take advantage of it once or more during the semester. Also, no need to call me “Professor”, “Stefano” will be great. (ideally pronounced with stress on the “e”) – if you want to have fun with it: www.youtube.com/watch?v=nDsA-Opffvg.

11. I am not able to take exams in the normal time because of disability. What should I do?
    Definitely, come talk to me. You will need to provide some documentation, and we will arrange a suitable accommodation.
12. What should I expect to learn from this course?
I would like you to be able to face a real world phenomenon/puzzle and be able to write
down a sensible economic model of it. This will enable you to analyze more problems
than you can imagine, ranging from economics to political science, from psychology to
sociology. Perhaps, by the end of the course you will agree with me that microeconomics
provides a parsimonious and insightful way to look at the world. That’s my aspiration,
and I will do my best to get you to share my enthusiasm for economics!

13. What is the honor code for this class?
The student community at UC Berkeley has adopted the following Honor Code: "As a
member of the UC Berkeley community, I act with honesty, integrity, and respect for
others." The hope and expectation is that you will adhere to this code.

14. I have a question about enrollment.
Please refer to the "Summary of Enrollment Procedures"
(https://www.econ.berkeley.edu/undergrad/home/enrollment-procedures) and the
instructions on "How to Stay Enrolled in an Economics Course"
(https://www.econ.berkeley.edu/undergrad/staying-enrolled) on the Department of
Economics website. Notice that you need to attend section the first two weeks or you will
be dropped from the class. For questions on enrollment, contact the head GSI
(headgsi@econ.berkeley.edu).

Learning Goals. As part of Berkeley's Undergraduate Student Learning Initiative (USLI), the
Economics Department has developed learning goals for the Economics major.
The specific learning goals for this course include:
- CT1. Understanding everyday economic problems
- CT2. Using economic theory to understand and evaluate policy proposals
- CT3. Comparing arguments
- CT4. Understanding the role of assumptions
- PS1. Solving problems with clear solution
- CS1. Communicate effectively about economic issues
- LL3. Understanding economic news
For more information, see http://www.econ.berkeley.edu/econ/ugrad/ugrad_goals.shtml.

Here is a preliminary schedule of topics to be covered in class. I anticipate that there will be some
changes to this schedule over time. I will distribute updated lists of topics covered as time goes
on. The Chapter numbers refer to the Nicholson, 10th edition.

Mathematical Background
Lecture 1 (January 20).
- Introduction
- Motivation
- Maximization in One Variable (Ch. 2)

Lecture 2 (January 22).
- Maximization in Several Variables (Ch. 2)
- Comparative Statics
- Implicit Function Theorem
- Problem Set 1 posted on web
Lecture 3 (January 27).
   Concavity and convexity
   Constrained Maximization (Ch.2)

**Consumers**
Lecture 4 (January 29).
   Constrained Maximization II (Ch.2)
   Preferences and Utility (Ch. 3)

Lecture 5 (February 3).
   Preferences and Utility II (Ch. 3)
   Common Utility Functions

Lecture 6 (February 5).
   Utility Maximization and Choice I (Ch. 4)
   Problem Set 1 due in class

Lecture 7 (February 10).
   Utility Maximization and Choice II (Ch. 4)
   Indirect Utility Function
   Problem Set 2 posted on web

Lecture 8 (February 12).
   Comparative statics
   Expenditure Minimization

Lecture 9 (February 17).
   Slutsky Equation
   Income and Substitution Effects (Ch. 5)
   Labor Supply

Lecture 10 (February 19).
   Intertemporal Choice
   Problem Set 2 due in class

No Lecture (February 24).
   1st Midterm

Lecture 11 (February 26).
   Economics of Altruism
   Choice under uncertainty (Ch. 8)
   Introduction to Probability
   Expected Utility
   Risk Aversion

Lecture 12 (March 3).
   Insurance
   Investment in Risky Asset
   Measures of Risk Aversion
   Problem Set 3 posted on web
Lecture 13 (March 5).
   Time Inconsistency
   Application to health clubs

**Producers**
Lecture 14 (March 10).
   Production Functions (Ch. 11)
   Isoquants
   Returns to Scale

Lecture 15 (March 12).
   2-Step Cost Minimization (Ch. 12)
   Total, Average, Marginal Costs
   Supply Function
   Problem Set 3 due in class

Lecture 16 (March 17).
   Geometry of Cost Curves
   One-Step Profit Maximization (Ch. 13)
   Aggregation
   Short-run Market Equilibrium (Ch. 14)
   Problem Set 4 posted on web

Lecture 17 (March 19).
   Comparative Statics of Equilibrium
   Taxes

   Spring Break

Lecture 18 (March 31).
   Consumer and Producer Surplus
   Long-run Market Equilibrium

Lecture 19 (April 2).
   Monopoly (Ch. 18)
   Price Discrimination
   Problem Set 4 due in class

Lecture 20 (April 7).
   Game Theory
   Mixed Strategy Equilibria

No Lecture (April 9).
   2nd Midterm

**Market Interaction**
Lecture 21 (April 14).
   Oligopoly: Cournot
   Oligopoly: Bertrand
Auctions
Problem Set 5 posted on web

Lecture 22 (April 16).
Dynamic Games
Oligopoly: Stackelberg

Lecture 23 (April 21).
General Equilibrium
Edgeworth Box
Problem Set 5 due in class

Lecture 24 (April 23).
General Equilibrium II
Moral Hazard/Adverse Selection Issues I
Problem Set 6 posted on web

Lecture 25 (April 28).
Moral Hazard/Adverse Selection Issues II

Lecture 26 (April 30) – Last lecture!
Applications: House Insurance and Deductible Choice
Applications: Media Bias and Voting
Conclusion

Problem Set 6 due on May 5 by noon.

Final exam (Wednesday 5/13/15, 11.30-2.30pm)